

SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 17. 1743.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Constantinople, August 4.



L.L. Things are now ready for the Departure of the Grand Vizir, who is certainly to be assisted by Bishaw Donneval. The Standard of Mahomed will not be displayed in the Army, to prevent the People from running into a Rebellion, who see, with great Concern, a War carried on against the

Shah. In the mean time, the Shah has actually sent our Territories with three Armies, which make together upwards of 200,000 Men. In order to supply the vast Expenses of the War, the Grand Signior has sent 1,000,000 Pistres out of his private Purse; part of which has been sent to the Bashaw of Babylon, and part to the Bashaw of Erzerum. Some time ago the Grand Signior thought fit to advance to the Swedish Minister 10,000 Pistres, in order to encourage that Nation to continue the War against Muscovy; and therefore were extremely mortified, at receiving the News of the Peace concluded at Abo.

Petersburgh, September 1. We were extremely surprised here, on the Arrival of the Deputies from the Kara-Kumuk, because, hitherto, they never had the least correspondence with Russia. The Country they inhabit lies upon the Caspian Sea, between the Rivers of the Volga and the Ural; behind them lie the great Chain of Mountains that are commonly called the Eagle's Mountains, which separate this Part of Tartary from Siberia. This Nation, which is accounted the fiercest of all the Tartars, professes the Mahomedan Religion; but in their Morals are not a little loose, having no other Profession but Thieving. Their Language generally resembles that of the Turks, which is situated in the Latitude of 40:30 on the Side of a Rivulet which falls a little below the Town into the River Sirr. It passes, in that Part of the World, for a very stately Place, being all built of Brick; that is to say, Lumps of Grey Earth baked in the Sun; but, in Europe, it would scarce be considered as a Village. These People have formerly done a great deal of Mischief in Siberia, where they have carried off many Hundreds of People at a time; their Deputies, who are at present here, assure us, they had lately no fewer than 10,000 Russian Prisoners, who will all receive their Liberty in Virtue of this Treaty. Some Days ago these Chiefs took an Oath of Fidelity to the Imperial Majesty; who, on the other Hand, promised them her Protection against any who should attack them. Such as are best acquainted with these People, and their Country, apprehend the true Reason of their Submission to be the Fear they are under of being attacked by the Cam of Great Tartary, who pretends to the Sovereignty over them; and who has been very successful, of late, in several Expeditions. They were afraid the Czarina, that in case she should have Occasion for their Service, they will bring into the Field 1000 Horse. The French Ambassador has complimented her Imperial Majesty on the Peace, and the Duke of Holstein-Eutin's Election; both which his Master opposed to the utmost of his Power. The Examination of the Conspirators will be over now in two or three Days, and then their Sentences will be pronounced.

Stockholm, September 11. The Dyer is come to a Resolution of putting an End to his Session on the 17th of this Month. Field-Marshal Hamilton is set out for his Command in Scania, where, instead of 16, we have assembled 20,000 Men. The Baron d'Ungern-Sternberg, General and Marshal of the present Dyet, has obtained the Regiment of the late Count Lewenhaupt. General During is actually going to Petersburg, in order to execute a Commission of the last Importances; but he will have a Publick Character. It is said, that a Treaty of Commerce is on Foot between this Court, and that of Russia. The Imperial Majesty has signified to Mr. Guy Dickens, his Britannick Majesty's Minister at this Court, that he should be allowed to know, in case the Maritime Powers cannot bring about a Peace between this Crown and that of Denmark, what Succour he may expect from them in Virtue of Treaties.

Naples, August 31. All our Advices from Sicily and Calabria differ. Such as come from the King's Officers, say that the Plague is far from being ceased, but the Habituants of the Countries affirm quite the contrary; by which Reason, we abate nothing of those Precautions which were at first thought necessary to be taken. Our last Letters from Palermo say, that when the Plague broke out at Messina, the Priests and Monks were

remarkably assiduous in taking care of themselves, except the Theatins, who unanimously declared their Resolution to stay where they were, in order to render the Sick all the Services in their Power; which Promise they punctually perform'd. There were Forty of these Reverend Persons in the City when the Plague began, of whom only Eight surviv'd. The Jews are using all the Interest in the World to continue here, and have offer'd prodigious Sums for such a Licence; but they are so generally hated by the common People, that the Government is forc'd to part with them, in order to avoid an Insurrection. We are assur'd, that besides a vast Quantity of Ammunition, which the Spaniards debark'd in the Neighbourhood of Civita Vecchia, they landed also 24 Pieces of Battering Cannon, and 1900 Grenadiers, who, it is said, are to escort this Convoy to the Duke of Modena's Army. We are pretty well recover'd here from the Fright we were under as to an Invasion, and it appears very evidently, that we are preparing for an offensive War, without any Regard either to our Neutrality, or to the Menaces of the British Fleet. It must be, however, admitted, that several Persons of Distinction in the King's Council have oppos'd this Scheme, asserting, that nothing can be so much for the Interest of these Kingdoms, as our living in good Intelligence with the Maritime Powers.

Genoa, September 5. The Infant Don Philip is march'd out of Savoy, and has not left behind him therein, above 800 Men. Of these, 300 are at Chambery, and the rest at Montmeilan. Yesterday his Highness review'd all the different Corps in the Army. The King of Sardinia had no sooner Intelligence of his March, than he drew the best Part of his Forces from the Neighbourhood of Suza, towards Demont and Barceloneta, in order to oppose the Designs of the Spaniards, who will certainly besiege one or other of these Places, in order to force a Passage thro' the Alps. There still continues a Rumour, of some Treaty being on the Carpet between the Courts of Turin and Madrid; but this is thought, here, to be no more than a Spanish Invention, in order to prevent the King of Sardinia from raising the Money here, which he has been negotiating for some time, on a Mortgage.

Vienna, September 11. All the Counties in the Kingdom of Hungary, have already begun their new Levies, in order to complete, as soon as possible, the Regiments that are there to be raised for the Queen, our Sovereign's Service; and they go on with such Success, that by the End of Autumn we reckon to complete the Corps that are expected from that Kingdom. We receive daily immense Quantities of Arms and Ammunition from Bavaria, which were left there by the French, and discover'd, after their Departure, by the Inhabitants; so that we are not only oblig'd to them for quitting our Neighbourhood so speedily, but also for supplying so effectually the Troops that are as speedily to march into theirs. We propose to march, in the Month of October, 30,000 Foot, and 15,000 Horse, to join the Army of Prince Charles. The Forces that formed the Blockade of Egra have had Orders to join General Bserenclaus, who is encamped in the Neighbourhood of Ingoldstadt with 22,000 Men.

Spire, September 17. A Body of French Dragoons, consisting of about 900 Men, advanced to Wintzenzen, within five Leagues of this Place, the Day before Yesterday, with an Intent to carry off all the Corn and Forage in that Neighbourhood; but they had scarce begun to disperse themselves for that Purpose, when Col. Mentzel arriv'd with 400 of his Hussars. He immediately attack'd the French, notwithstanding the great Inequality of Numbers, and beat them, after an obstinate Engagement of three Hours; wherein the French had 100 Men kill'd upon the Spot, 200 made Prisoners, and 300 wounded; the Loss of the Hussars were very inconsiderable. Col. Mentzel has since taken Possession of this City, where we expect, in a few Days, the whole Army of the Allies.

Paris, September 21. We still continue to flatter ourselves, that the King of Sardinia will be brought into our Measures, or, at least, they affect to say so at Court, where abundance of strange Stories are daily invented, to keep the People in Hopes. Our Negotiations in the North have been a second time disappointed. The Swedes are resolv'd not to trust any Foreign Potentate whatsoever; and, in Russia, it is every Day more and more apparent, that our Credit is entirely lost. In Germany, there is but one Court where our Minister is well received; and we begin to be in some Doubt, whether we may not pay too dear for that. In the mean time, we apply ourselves indefatigably to our Naval Armaments, and propose to have, speedily, a Fleet of 30, or 40 Sail, at Sea.

Hague, September 27. M. Cornelius Calkoen was proposed, in the last Meeting of the States, in order to go to Paris, as Successor to M. Abraham Van Hoor, who is recalled, at his own Request. We expect the Marquis de Fenelon, and the rest of the Foreign Ministers, from Spa in a very few Days, and the Earl of Stair every Hour.

HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, September 13. Arrived the *Ellis and Anne*, from Moxam, from Virginia.

Falmouth, September 12. Wind E. Arrived the *Jenny*, Skinner, from Peterburgh, last from London. In *Canterbury* Road two large Ships, Names unknown, from Virginia for London. Sailed the *Expedition* Packet, Clift, for Lisbon.

Plymouth, September 13. Since my last came in His Majesty's Ship *Lion*, from Jamaica. Sailed his Majesty's Ship the *Leopard*.

Weymouth, September 14. Wind E. N. E. Arrived the *Catherine*, Tyzard; the *Providence*, Taiter, and the *Charming* Sakey, Robinson, all from London.

Cowes, September 14. Wind E. S. E. Yesterday came in the *Phoenix*, Simpson, from Rotterdam, for Mrs. A. deira and Philadelphia; and the *Mercury*, Dewar, for Antigua; which Ship sail'd again the same Day, with the *Success*, Ewell, for Amsterdam; and the *Dolphin*, Austin, for Rotterdam, from South Carolina.

Southampton, September 15. Wind S. E. Since my last arriv'd the *Jenny*, Martin, from Havre de Grace, and the *Leap*, Hornby, from Boulogne. Sailed the *Serpent* Bomb Ketch, Capt. Horn, for Jersey and Guernsey, with the following Vessels under his Convoy, for those Islands, viz. the *Cranbury*, Guillaume, the *Wilmington*, Fry, the *John*, Dupree, the *Mary*, St. Croix, the *Charming* Betty, St. Croix, and the *John* and *Mary*, Pitton.

Dartmouth, September 15. Wind E. S. E. Came down and sail'd the *Peter*, Roe, for Dublin. Remains his Majesty's Ships the *Shrewsbury* and *Dover*.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Jamaica, the *Feron*, Sutcliffe, from Boston.

At Virginia, the *Johanna*, Story.

At Maryland, the *York*, Buskin, both from Gibraltar.

At Falmouth, the *Christian*, Lee, and the *Banstead*, James, from Virginia.

LONDON.

On the 16th, N. S. His Majesty received the Dutch Auxiliaries with great Satisfaction. The Army of the Allies is now 70,000 strong, and the General Officers are packing up their Baggage, so that it is not doubted but that they are immediately to march towards M. Noailles.

According to the last Letters from Hamburg, the Duke of Holstein-Eutin, set out from thence on the 16th for Stralsund, in order to embark there for Stockholm, where, as soon as he arrives, he will assume the Title of Prince Royal of Sweden.

The same Letters say, that it is no longer to be doubted, that the King of Denmark will actually make a Descent on Sweden, and that it has been lately discovered, that an Alliance is concluded between that Prince, and the King of Prussia, with Views not a little extraordinary.

An Officer of Hussars brought to the Army of the Allies on the 16th, an Account of Prince Charles's passing the Rhine, which occasioned Duke Aremberg's writing that Account of it to Brussels, which was transmitted by the last Mail, and which now appears to be without Foundation.

According to an authentick List published by Direction of Prince Charles of Lorraine, it appears, that the following is an exact Account of the Loss sustained by his Troops, in the late Attempt to pass the Rhine.

Killed	199	Lost	187
Wounded	86	Prisoners	13

In all 483

Vast Magazines of Provision, and Forage, are filling for the Use of the Army of the Allies; and, from the Disposition of these, it seems to be a Point out of Dispute, that the true Design of his Britannick Majesty is to march into Alliance.

The last Advices from Vienna say, that they continue to form a considerable Army in Moravia, in order to observe the Motions of an ambitious Neighbour.

M. Noailles still continues in his old Situation behind the River Queech, which he has taken care to strengthen in such a manner with Redoubts, as to render the Passage of it, in his own Opinion, impracticable.



his Troops on the 9th of the month of September, with Intent, as it was supposed, to march up the Rhine, and attempt the Passage thereof near Rhinefeldt; But, upon the 9th his Royal Highness caused the Island to be repossessed with fresh Troops, and has since completed all his Works in that Island, and silenced most of the French Batteries that fired upon it.

Last Night the Corps of the Lady Blount, who died a few Days since at her Seat in Stratford, was, after laying in State at Founders Hall, carried from thence in a pompous Manner, and interred at St. Vedast, Forster-Lane. Her Ladyship's Pall was supported by Matthew Pitts, William Houghton, Abraham Demeterus, John Clark, Samuel Tatem, and Nathaniel Lloyd, Esquires.

Yesterday in the Afternoon the Right Hon. the Earl of Stair, late Field-Marshal of his Britannick Majesty's Forces in Germany, arriv'd at his Lodgings in Brooks-street, Grosvenor-Square.

His Grace the Duke of Somerset continues dangerously ill at Northumberland House, Charing-Cross, inasmuch that his Life is despair'd of.

A Messenger arriv'd on Thursday Night at the Duke of Newcastle's Office from the Lord Carteret, with Affairs of Importance.

The Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor has appointed the First General Seal before Michaelmas Term, to be held on the 12th of October, and the Second Seal on the 20th.

On Monday next, by Desire of divers of the Nobility, the Serenata, call'd Solomon, will be perform'd again at Ruckholt-House, Essex. Tickets as usual; and in the Afternoon will be Singing by Mr. Lowe, and several others. Admittance One Shilling.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	09 58	10 30

Bank Stock, 147 1-4ths. India, 184. South Sea, 110 1-half to 3-4ths. Old Annuity, 115. New ditto, 113 1-half. Three per Cent. 101 3-4ths. Ditto 1743, 101 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent ditto, 78 1-4ths. Royal Assurance, 80 1-half. London Assurance, 117 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 15 s. to 16 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 6 l. 5 s. Prem. Salt Tallow, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 99. Million Bank, 119. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 5 s.

This Day is Publish'd,
Beautifully printed in Four Volumes, Octavo, corrected by the Author,

THE SECOND EDITION of
THE WORKS OF TACITUS, translated into English. To which are prefixed several large Discourses upon Julius Caesar, Augustus, and their Successors, and their Arts of Government; upon Governments, Free and Arbitrary; upon Courts, Armies, and Conquests; upon Princes, Ministers, Nobility, and People; upon publick Frugality; upon Teaching and Teachers; upon the State of the Romans under the Emperors, the Debauchment and Misery of that great People, its Causes, &c.

By **THOMAS GORDON, Esq.**
Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster-Row. Where may be had, just published,

I. **THE INDEPENDENT WHIG:** or, A Defence of Primitive Christianity, and of our Ecclesiastical Establishment, against the exorbitant Claims of Fanatical and Disaffected Clergymen. The Sixth Edition, with Additions and Amendments. In Three Volumes. The Third Volume may be had alone, to complete Gentlemen's Sets.

II. **CATO'S Letters:** or, Essays on Liberty, Civil and Religious, and other important Subjects. The Fourth Edition, in 4 Vols. 12mo.

This Day is Publish'd,
The Second Edition, with large Additions,
In **TWO VOLUMES, Octavos**

THE ATTORNEY'S PRACTICE
in the Court of KING'S-BENCH: Or, An Introduction to the Knowledge of the Practice of that Court, as it now stands under the Regulation of several late Acts of Parliament, Rules and Determinations of the said Court. With Variety of Curious Precedents in English, settled or drawn by Council, and a Complete Index to the Whole.

By a Gentleman of the Inner Temple.
Printed for **T. WOODWARD,**
And sold by J. Osborn, in Pater-noster Row; G. Hawkins, and T. Waller, in Fleet-street.

Where may be had,
1. **The Attorneys Practice in the Court of Common Pleas,** By the same Author.
2. **The Second Edition of the Laws relating to the Poor,** By Robert Foley, Esq.
3. **Lord Chief Justice Hale's Pleas of the Crown,** in 2 vols. Folio.
4. **Modern Entries,** in 2 vols. Folio.

A COLLECTION of EPIGRAMS.

Non deficit alter
odorum, & simili fronde scit virga metallo. Virg.

N. B. These Two Volumes contain above a Thousand choice Epigrams, many of which are now first printed. Price of each Volume 2 s. 6 d.

Printed for J. Walthoe, over-against the Royal-Exchange in Cornhill. For whom were

Lately printed. The Fourth Edition of

I. **THE HIVE,** A Collection of [more than a Thousand] the most celebrated Sonnets. To which is prefixed, a Criticism on Song-Writing.

By **AMBROSE PHILIPS, Esq.**
In Four Volumes, Price of each, 2 s. 6 d.

From Words so sweet new Grace she Notes receive,
And Musick borrows Helps she n'd to give.

TICKELL.
II. **PHILIPS'S PLAYS,** viz. The Distress'd Mother; The Briton, and Humphrey Duke of Gloucester.

III. **The Genuine Works,** in Verse and Prose, of the Right Hon. **GEORGE GRANVILLE, Lord Lansdowne.** In Three Volumes. Price 7 s. 6 d.

IV. **The Laws of Poetry.** Being a Critical Commentary on the Duke of BUCKINGHAM'S Essay on Poetry, and the Earl of ROSSCOMMON'S Essay on Translated Verse; with Notes on the Lord LANSDOWNE'S Poem upon unnatural Flights in Poetry, written by his Lordship. The Commentary written by Mr. GILSON, and revised by the Duke of BUCKINGHAM.

V. **ALBINA.** A Tragedy. By **AARON HILL, Esq.**

VI. **THE BATH UNMASK'D.** A Comedy.

VII. **THE CAPRICIOUS LOVERS.** A Comedy. Both by Mr. ODINGBILLS.

VIII. **THE DOUBLE DECEIT: Or, A Cure for Jealousy.** A Comedy. By **WILLIAM POFFLE, Esq.**

IX. **THE PARACIDE.** A Tragedy. By Mr. STERLING.

X. **The Loves of HERO and LEANDER,** from the Greek of Musaur. By Mr. STERLING. To which are added, new Translations from *Anacreon, Sappho, Julian, Theocritus, Bion, Moschus, and Homer.* 4t. 12.

XI. **WELSH'S POEMS.** The Second Edition. Printed in a Pocket Volume. Price 2 s.

XII. **Oikographia.** A Poem to his Grace the Duke of Dorset, by Mr. WELSH. Pt. 1 s.

XIII. **A Hymn to the Creator.** By a Gentleman, on the Death of his only Daughter. Pt. 6 d.

XIV. **A Poem to her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.** By Mr. WELSH. Pt. 6 d.

XV. **THE POSTHUMOUS WORKS of W. WYCHERLEY, Esq.** in Prose and Verse. Published by Mr. Theobald. To which are prefixed, some Memoirs of Mr. Wycherley's Life, by Major Pack.

XVI. **A Collection of POEMS on various Subjects,** by Sir RICHARD BLACKMORE.

XVII. **The Wandering.** A Poem in Five Cantos. By Mr. SAVAGE. Pt. 2 s.

XVIII. **The Infatment.** To the Right Honourable Sir Robert Walpole. By E. YOUNG, L.L.D. Price 6 d.

XIX. **The Northern Star.** By **AARON HILL, Esq.**

XX. **A Collection of Old Ballads:** 3 Vols.

XXI. **T. Lucretius Carus of the Nature of Things,** Translated into English Verse, by **THO. CARMICHAEL, M.A.** The Sixth Edition illustrated with Notes, making a complete System of the Epicurean Philosophy. 2 Vols. 8vo. Pt. 10 s.

For whom likewise was lately

Printed in a neat Pocket Volume, Price 2 s. 6 d.

THE FLOWER-PIECE: A Collection of MISCELLANEOUS POEMS, by several Hands.

Part of the **CONTENTS.**

The Kite; an Heroic-comical Poem: by Mr. P. BACON.

To the Memory of Mr. Hughes: by a Lady.

A Poem in Praise of Necessity. To the Memory of a Friend.

The Templer's Bill of Complaint to the Lord Chancellor. By J. B. Esq.

To a Gentleman on his Marriage: by Mr. CONGARE.

The 8th Ode of the 4th Book of Horace: addressed to Dr. Towne: by Mr. CONGARE.

A familiar Ode for the New Year: addressed to **Edw. Rouse,** Esq. by the same.

An Epistle to the Right Hon. Sir R. WALPOLE. Verses occasioned by the foregoing Epistle.

The Monkey and the Mastiff; a Fable: by Mr. CONGARE.

The Bridge of Life: an allegorical Poem, in Imitation of the 15th Spectator.

An Epistle from a Clergyman in Herefordshire, to his Friend at Chipping-Ongar.

On the burning the obscene Pieces in Lord Rochester's Works.

An Epistle to Ld. Carteret, &c. by Dr. D.-W.

A Cure for Love; a Tale: By Mr. CONGARE.

An Ode to the Queen, on their Majesties happy Ac-

cession: By the Rev. Mr. NEWCOMB.

An Epistle to Lord Carteret, occasioned by the Copper Coinage: By Mr. CONGARE.

An Epistle to Mr. H. by a Person of Honour.

The Cause of Infancy: by the same.

Verses to a Lady, upon his receiving a Hurt in one of his Eyes: by the same.

A Fable, addressed to the Ld. Viscountess.

On Dr. Frazier's rebuilding Part of the University of Aberdeen: By Mr. MALLET.

Verses on her Majesty's Birthday. By P. FROUDE, Esq.

Regulus: A Pindaric Ode. The Progress of Poetry.

To the ingenious Lady, Author of, The Progress of Poetry.

The Carmen Sæculare of Horace; translated by Mr. W. DUNCOMBE.

The involuntary Sinner; a Tale.

An Epithalamium; by a Lady.

Verses on the Memory of Mrs. Oldfield, spoken by Mrs. Heron.

To the Duke of Richmond, on his being install'd Knight of the Garter with Sir Rob. Walpole, by the Rev. Mr. NEWCOMB.

AN ESSAY on the SINKING

FUND, wherein the Nature thereof is fully explained, and the Right of the Publick to that Fund asserted.

Printed for J. PEARCE.

Where may be had, Just Published,

1. **Reasons for encouraging the Linen Manufacture of Scotland, and other Parts of Great Britain.** Price 1 s.

ALSO

The Second Edition, corrected, of

2. **The Interest of SCOTLAND considered, with regard to its Police in employing the Poor; its Agriculture; its Manufactures, and Fisheries.** To which is added, an Appendix, containing the Manner of Raising, Weeding, Pulling, Watering, Cradling, and Dressing of Flax, practised in Scotland.

Books of Husbandry and Gardening.

Printed for T. WOODWARD.

1. **A New System of Agriculture,** being

a complete Body of Husbandry and Gardening, in all the Parts of them, viz. Husbandry in the Field, and several Improvements, of Forest and Timber Trees, great and small, with Ever-Greens and flowering Shrubs, &c. of the Kitchen Garden; of the Flower Garden; of the Five Books, containing, all the best and latest, as well as many new Improvements, useful to the Husbandmen, Gardeners, Planter, Gardener, and Florist; wherein are interpersed many curious Observations on Vegetation, on the Diseases of Trees, and the general Annoyance to Vegetables, and their proper Cures. As also a particular Account of the famous Silpion of the Ancients. By J. LAWRENCE, M.A.

2. **A General Treatise of Husbandry and Gardening,** containing a new System of Vegetation, illustrated with many Observations and Experiments, in 2 vols. 8vo. By R. BAKER, F.R.S.

3. **Houghton's Collections for the Improvement of Husbandry and Trade,** consisting of many valuable Materials relating to Corn, Cattle, Coals, Hops, Wool, &c. with a complete Catalogue of the several Sorts of Earth, and their proper Products; the best Sorts of Manure for each; with the Art of Draining and Flooding of Lands. As also full and exact Histories of Trades, as Malting, Brewing, &c. The Description and Structure of Instruments for Husbandry and Carriages, with the Manner of their Improvements. An Account of the Rivers of England, &c. and how far they may be made navigable; of Weights and Measures; of Woods, Cordage, and Metals; of Building and Stowage. The Vegetation of Plants, &c. With many other useful Particulars communicated by several Members of the Royal Society to the Collector. 4 vols. 8vo.

4. **The Practical Fruit Gardener;** being the newest and best Method of Raising, Planting, and Pruning all Sorts of Fruit Trees, agreeable to the Experience and Practice of the most eminent Gardeners and Nurserymen. By STEPHEN SWINNEY. The 2d Edit.

5. **Dictionary Botanicum;** or, A Botanical Dictionary for the use of the Curious in Husbandry and Gardening; containing the Names of the Plants in Latin and English, their Description, Culture, or Management, rendered easy and familiar. In 2 vol. 8vo.

6. **Dr. Hale's Statical Essays.** In 2 vol. 8vo.

7. **Dr. Hale's Philosophical Experiments;** containing useful and necessary Instructions for such as undertake long Voyages at Sea; shewing how Sea Water may be made fresh and wholesome; and how Fresh Water may be preserved Sweet. How Biscuit, Corn, &c. may be secured from the Weevil, Mould, and other Insects; and Flesh preserved in hot Climates, by salting Animals whole. To which is added, an Account of several Experiments and Observations on Chalybeate or Sulphur Waters, with some Attempts to convey them to distant Places, preserving their Virtue to a greater Degree than has hitherto been done. Likewise a Proposal for cleansing away Mud, &c. out of Rivers, Harbours, and Reservoirs, read before the Royal Society.

8. **Rapin of Gardens,** a Latin Poem in four Books. English'd by Mr. GARDINER. The 3d Edit.

TINCTURA MIRIFICA:

OR,

The Admirable TINCTURE, which infallibly cures the

STONE and GRAVEL, whether in the KIDNEYS,

UTERUS, or BLADDER. and also the Strangury,

Stopping of Urine, and all Heat, Pain and Difficulty in Making Water.

A Few Drops of it momentarily take

off the most excruciating Pains in the REINS or BLADDER, and certainly prevent their Return, for it infallibly cures that Distemper in an extraordinary Manner instantly removes all Uneasiness or Difficulty in making Water, heals all Excoriations, and even Ulcers of the Urinary Passages, relaxes the Ureters, so that small Stones, together with Gravel, and all mucous slimy obstructing Matter may pass freely from the Kidneys, to be voided visibly with Urine, without Pain; effectually cleanses the Reins, Ureters, and Bladder from all Impurities, entirely prevents the Stone in those who are troubled with the Gravel only; assuredly dissolves all large Stones, so that they are dissolved; and likewise brings all the Urinary Passages and Passages to their due Tone and Vigour, so as perfectly to free the Patient from all the terrible Symptoms and miserable Effects of that torturing Disease.

It is the safest Medicine in the World, and not dangerous to take; the very first Dose of it absolutely cures the most dreadful Fit of either Stone or Gravel, in a Manner giving such wonderful Relief and perfect Ease, as is almost very surprising; and this great Numbers of Persons of Worth have experienced, to their infinite Satisfaction.

It is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Bell and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.